



Agromet Advisory Service Bulletin for Thane District

(Issued jointly by IAAS, Dr. B.S. KonkanKrishiVidyapeeth, & Regional India Meteorological Department, Mumbai)

Dr. Subhash Chavan,
Head,
Department of Agronomy
9422431067

Dr. D.N. Jagtap,
Nodal Officer,
Department of Agronomy
9403988143

Prof. Viresh Chavan,
Technical Officer,
Department of Agronomy
9422065344

**Significant past weather for the preceding week
(Period –26/11/2017 to 30/11/2017)**

Rainfall (mm):	
Total Rainfall (mm):	
Total Rainfall (mm) (last year)	
Maximum temperature (°C)	
Minimum temperature (°C)	
Morning RH (%)	
Afternoon RH (%)	
Wind Speed (km/hr):	
Total cloud cover (Octa)	

Weather forecast until 08.30 hrs of 05/12/2017

PARAMETERS	Day-1	Day-2	Day-3	Day - 4	Day - 5
	01/12	02/12	03/12	04/12	05/12
Rainfall (mm)	0	0	0	0	0
Maximum temperature (°C)	29	29	29	29	29
Minimum temperature (°C)	18	17	17	17	18
Total cloud cover (Octa)	3	8	8	8	7
Relative Humidity Max. (%)	53	48	48	44	43
Relative Humidity Min. (%)	18	19	20	20	16
Wind Speed (Km/hr)	006	006	006	006	007
Wind Direction	87	76	79	85	89

: Agro-met Advisory: 218

Sky will be cloudy from 1st to 5th December, 2017. Wind velocity range from 6 to 7 kmph from 1st to 5th December, 2017.

Crop	Crop Stage	Agromet Advisory
Sapota	Fruiting Stage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If unmaturing fruit drops of sapota are observed spray combined fungicides of (Metalxyl-M 8% + Mancozeb 64%) @ 0.2% i.e. 20 g per 10 lit. of water on whole plant canopy. It is a possibility for incidence of sapota seed borer, spray deltamethrin 2.8% E.C. @ 10 ml per 10 liter of water alongwith sticker. (The insecticide are not under label claim). Some parts in the district the sapota fruits are mature size stage, harvest the mature fruits before 10 hours in the morning and after 16 hours in the evening with the help on Atul Sapota harvester.
Coconut, Arecanut	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For controlling of bud rot of coconut palm, clean infected bud and drenching with 1% Bordo mixture or copper-oxy-chloride @ 25 g per 10 lit of water. Spraying the FYM pits with 0.2 % Carbaryl for control of adults and grubs of rhinoceros beetle. To control red palm weevil affected coconut, fill the holes made by RPW with 10 per cent Carbaryl dust and sand mixture. Prepare a slanting hole with the help of screw drill about 1 m height from ground level on tree trunk and pour about 20 ml of 36 % Monocrotophos or 20% Chlorpyrifos with the help of plastic funnel in the hole and close the hole with the help of cement.
Vegetable crop and watermelon crop	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prepare nursery of tomato, brinjal and chilly seedling for arriving <i>rabi</i> season. For control of bacterial wilt of chilli, brinjal and tomato seedling, spray Copper Oxychloride @ 20 to 25 g/10 lit of water on seedbed after sowing of seeds. Also apply Carbarly or Lindane powder on side of seedbed to control against ant. Due to cloudy weather condition it is possibility for incidence of powdery mildew, spray Hexaconazole 5% EC 5 ml or Sulphur 80% WP @ 20 g per 10 lit. of waters. For cultivation of watermelon ploughing and cloud crushing of land and furrow be prepared at 4 m length 90 cm apart the both side of furrow prepared 30 x 30 x30 cm size pit, apply 1 to 1.5 kg FYM + 10 gm Carbaryl (10%) Powder, mix thoroughly with soil, sowing of 3 to 4 seeds at the depth of 2 to 2.5 cm, thinning after 15 days emergence of seedling keep only 2 seedlings per pit. The 50 kg N + 50 kg P₂O₅ and 50 kg K₂O per ha was required. The 1/3rd dose of N and full dose of P₂O₅ and K₂O be applied at the time of sowing and remaining N be apply 1 and 2 months after sowing at equal quantity.
Goats/ Milch animals	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provide clean and hygienic drinking water and nutritious fodder and concentrates to farm animal. Protect the animals/poultry birds from low temperature by providing curtains and electric bulbs as per the need.
Suggestion	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contact nearby SAU Scientists or State Agril. Dept. for detail control measures against incidence of pest and diseases under adverse weather conditions.